

Food and Drug Administration, HHS

§ 514.8

or drinking water that contain only active ingredients or animal drugs that have previously been separately approved for the particular uses and conditions of use for which they are intended in combination, the sponsor shall demonstrate:

(A) By substantial evidence, as defined in this section, that any active ingredient or animal drug intended only for the same use as another active ingredient or animal drug in the combination makes a contribution to the effectiveness of the combination new animal drug;

(B) For such combination new animal drugs that contain more than one antibacterial ingredient or animal drug, by substantial evidence, as defined in this section, that each antibacterial makes a contribution to labeled effectiveness;

(C) That each active ingredient or animal drug intended for at least one use that is different from all other active ingredients or animal drugs used in the combination provides appropriate concurrent use for the intended target animal population; and

(D) That the active ingredients or animal drugs intended for use in drinking water are physically compatible if FDA, based on scientific information, has reason to believe the active ingredients or animal drugs are physically incompatible.

(3) *Other combination new animal drugs.* For all other combination new animal drugs, the sponsor shall demonstrate by substantial evidence, as defined in this section, that the combination new animal drug will have the effect it purports or is represented to have under the conditions of use prescribed, recommended, or suggested in the proposed labeling and that each active ingredient or animal drug contributes to the effectiveness of the combination new animal drug.

[64 FR 40756, July 28, 1999]

§ 514.6 Amended applications.

The applicant may submit an amendment to an application that is pending, including changes that may alter the conditions of use, the labeling, safety, effectiveness, identity, strength, quality, or purity of the drug or the adequacy of the manufacturing methods, facilities, and controls to preserve

them, in which case the unamended application may be considered as withdrawn and the amended application may be considered resubmitted on the date on which the amendment is received by the Food and Drug Administration. The applicant will be notified of such date.

§ 514.7 Withdrawal of applications without prejudice.

The sponsor may withdraw his pending application from consideration as a new animal drug application upon written notification to the Food and Drug Administration. Such withdrawal may be made without prejudice to a future filing. Upon resubmission, the time limitation will begin to run from the date the resubmission is received by the Food and Drug Administration. The original application will be retained by the Food and Drug Administration although it is considered withdrawn. The applicant shall be furnished a copy at cost on request.

§ 514.8 Supplemental new animal drug applications.

(a)(1) After a new animal drug application is approved, a supplemental new animal drug application may propose changes. A supplemental application may omit statements made in the approved application concerning which no change is proposed. Each supplemental application shall include up-to-date reports of any of the kinds of information required by § 510.300(a) of this chapter that has not previously been submitted. A supplemental application shall be accompanied by either a claim for categorical exclusion under § 25.30 or § 25.33 of this chapter or an environmental assessment under § 25.40 of this chapter.

(2) A supplemental new animal drug application shall be submitted for any change beyond the variations provided for in the application, including changes in the scale of production such as from pilot-plant to production batch, that may alter the conditions of use, the labeling, safety, effectiveness, identity, strength, quality, or purity of the new animal drug, or the adequacy of the manufacturing methods, facilities, or controls to preserve them.

(3) If it is a prescription drug, any mailing or promotional piece used after the drug is placed on the market is labeling requiring a supplemental application, unless:

(i) The parts of the labeling furnishing directions, warnings, and information for use of the drug are the same in language and emphasis as labeling approved or permitted; and

(ii) Any other parts of the labeling are consistent with and not contrary to such approved or permitted labeling.

(4) The supplemental application shall be submitted as follows. A communication proposing a change in a new animal drug application should provide for any one of the following kinds of changes:

(i) Revision in labeling, such as updating information pertaining to effects, dosages, and side effects and contraindications, which includes information headed “side effects,” “warnings,” “precautions,” and “contraindications.”

(ii) Addition of claim.

(iii) Revision in manufacturing or control procedures; for example, changes in components, composition, method of manufacture, analytical control procedures, package or tablet size, etc.

(iv) Change in manufacturing facilities.

(v) Provision for outside firm to participate in the preparation, distribution, or packaging of a new animal drug (new distributor, packer, supplier, manufacturer, etc.); one firm per submission.

Any number of changes may be submitted at any one time; but if they fall into different categories as listed in paragraphs (a)(4) (i) through (v) of this section, the proposed changes should be covered by separate communications. Where, however, a change necessitates an overlap in categories, it should be submitted in a single communication. For example, a change in tablet potency would require other changes such as in components, composition, and labeling and should be submitted in a single communication.

(5) The following kinds of changes may be placed into effect without the approval of a supplemental application, if such change is fully described in the

next periodic report required under §510.300(b)(4) of this chapter or, when such a report is not required, in a written communication to the Food and Drug Administration within 60 days of the effective date of the change (this does not apply to a change proposed because of any mixup or any bacteriological or significant chemical, physical, or other change or deterioration in the drug or any failure of one or more distributed batches of the drug to meet its specifications):

(i) A different container size for solid oral dosage forms where container and closure are of the same materials as those provided for in the approved application.

(ii) Change in personnel not involving new facilities.

(iii) Change in equipment that does not alter the method of manufacture of a new animal drug.

(iv) Change from one commercial batch size to another without any change in manufacturing procedure.

(v) Change to more stringent specification without altering the method described in the approved application.

(vi) Inclusion of additional specifications and methods without deletion of those described in the approved application.

(vii) Alteration of specifications or methods for inactive ingredients to bring them into compliance with new or revised specifications or methods in an official compendium.

(viii) Initiation of a product identification coding system.

(ix) Addition to labeling of a reasonable expiration date where none was previously used, with related conditions of drug storage when appropriate, except when evidence shows that a significant deterioration of the drug under marketing conditions has occurred which necessitates the immediate submission of a report under §510.300(b)(1) of this chapter. The report or written communication describing such change in labeling should include stability data justifying the expiration date and recommended conditions of storage.

(x) Change from paper labels to direct printing on glass or other kinds of immediate containers without a change in text.

(6) Approval of a supplemental new animal drug application will not be required to provide for an additional distributor to distribute a drug which is the subject of an approved new animal drug application if the conditions described below are met prior to putting such a change into effect. An order may issue refusing approval if any condition is not met or if any of the reasons for refusing or withdrawing approval, as stated in section 512(d) and (e) of the act or §514.110 applies. For the purposes of maintaining records and making reports under the requirements of §510.300 of this chapter, a distributor provided for under this section shall be considered an *applicant* within the meaning of §510.300(b) of this chapter. Said conditions are:

(i) A supplemental application is furnished to the Food and Drug Administration to provide for a designated distributor.

(ii) There are no changes from the conditions of the approved application except for a different and suitable proprietary name of the new animal drug (if one is used) and the name and address of the distributor as used on the label and labeling. The name of the distributor shall be accompanied by an appropriate qualifying phrase such as "manufactured for" or "distributed by."

(iii) A distributor's statement is furnished to the Food and Drug Administration identifying the category of his operations (for example, wholesaler, retailer) and stating: That he will distribute the new animal drug only under the labeling provided for in the new animal drug application; that any other labeling or advertising for the drug will prescribe, recommend, or suggest its use only under the conditions stated in the labeling provided for in the application; and, if the drug is a prescription article, that he is regularly and lawfully engaged in the distribution or dispensing of prescription drugs.

(iv) Nine copies of the printed labels and other labeling to be used by the distributor are submitted, identified with the new animal drug application number.

(b) When necessary for the safety or effectiveness of the drug, a supple-

mental new animal drug application shall specify a period of time within which the proposed change will be made.

(c) If a material change is made in the components' composition, manufacturing methods, facilities, or controls, or in the labeling or advertising, from the representations in an approved application for a new animal drug (except changes conforming to the conditions set forth in paragraph (a)(5) and (6) and/or paragraphs (d), (e), (f), and (g) of this section), and the drug is marketed before a supplement is approved for such change, approval of the application may be suspended or withdrawn as provided in section 512(e) of the act.

(d) Changes of the following kinds proposed in supplemental new animal drug applications should be placed into effect at the earliest possible time:

(1) The addition to package labeling, promotional labeling, and prescription drug advertising of additional warning, contraindication, side effect, and precaution information.

(2) The deletion from package labeling, promotional labeling, and drug advertising of false, misleading, or unsupported indications for use or claims for effectiveness.

(3) Changes in the methods, facilities, or controls used for the manufacture, processing, packing, or holding of the new animal drug (other than utilization of establishments not covered by the approval that is in effect) that give increased assurance that the drug will have the characteristics of identity, strength, quality, and purity which it purports or is represented to possess.

(e) The Food and Drug Administration will take no action against a new animal drug or applicant solely because changes of the kinds described in paragraph (d) of this section are placed into effect by the applicant prior to his receipt of a written notice of approval of the supplemental new animal drug application if all the following conditions are met:

(1) The supplemental new animal drug application providing a full explanation of the basis for the changes has been submitted, plainly marked on the mailing cover and on the supplement,

“Special new animal drug application Supplement—changes being effected.”

(2) The applicant specifically informs the Food and Drug Administration of the date on which such changes are being effected and submits to the Administration nine printed copies of any revised labeling to be placed in use, identified with the new animal drug application number.

(3) All promotional labeling and all drug advertising are promptly revised consistent with the changes made in the labeling on or within the new animal drug package.

(f) When a supplemental new animal drug application proposes changes only of the kinds described in paragraph (d) of this section, and the applicant informs the Food and Drug Administration that the changes are being put into effect, such notification will be regarded as an agreement by the applicant to an extension of the time for formal action on the application.

(g) In addition to changes as permitted by paragraphs (d) and (e) of this section, an applicant may place into effect changes proposed in a supplement to a new animal drug application that became effective prior to October 10, 1962, upon written notification from the Food and Drug Administration that such action is permitted, without approval of the supplemental application, pending the completion of the review of the effectiveness of such drug by the National Academy of Sciences-National Research Council and a determination as to whether there are grounds for refusing approval under section 512(d) of the act or for invoking section 512(e) of the act. The Food and Drug Administration will take no action against a new animal drug or an applicant solely because changes that have been permitted in a written communication are placed into effect by the applicant prior to his receipt of a written notice of approval of the supplemental new animal drug application.

(h) Except as provided in paragraphs (e) and (g) of this section, no provision of this section shall limit the authority of the Secretary or of the Commissioner to suspend or withdraw approval of a new animal drug application in accord with the provisions of section

512(e) of the act or to initiate any other regulatory proceedings with respect to a drug or applicant under provisions of the act.

(i) Changes from the conditions of an approved new animal drug application in accord with the provisions of paragraphs (d), (e), and (g) of this section are permitted on the basis of a temporary deferral of final action on the supplemental application under the provisions of section 512 (c), (d), or (e) of the act.

(j) When an applicant receives written notification from the Food and Drug Administration, under the provisions of paragraph (g) of this section, that he may place into effect changes proposed in a supplemental application without approval of the supplemental application, he may within 30 days submit a written request that the Food and Drug Administration process the supplemental application. In such case, the change shall not be put into effect until approved. Within 180 days of the receipt of such written request, the Food and Drug Administration will approve the supplemental application or furnish notice of an opportunity for a hearing under the provisions of section 512 (d) or (e), or both, of the act on a proposal to refuse approval of the supplemental application or to withdraw approval of the application and supplements thereto.

(k) A supplement to an application that became effective prior to October 10, 1962, may include a written statement to the effect that a temporary deferral of final action under the provisions of paragraph (d), (e), or (g) of this section is unacceptable to the applicant and that the applicant requests action as provided in section 512(c) of the act. Final action on such supplemental applications will be expedited in accord with applicable provisions of section 512 of the act and regulations in this subchapter E. In such cases, if the applicant places into effect any of the proposed changes prior to his receipt of a written notice of approval of the supplemental new animal drug application, such action may be regarded by the Food and Drug Administration as a basis for invoking the provisions of section 512(e)(1)(D) of the act; that

is, the applicant may be furnished notice of an opportunity for a hearing on a proposal to withdraw approval of the application on the ground that the application contains an untrue statement of a material fact related to the changes from the conditions approved in the application.

(1) A supplemental application that contains nonclinical laboratory studies shall include, with respect to each nonclinical study, either a statement that the study was conducted in compliance with the requirements set forth in part 58 of this chapter, or, if the study was not conducted in compliance with such regulations, a brief statement of the reason for the noncompliance.

[40 FR 13825, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 50 FR 7517, Feb. 22, 1985; 50 FR 16668, Apr. 26, 1985; 62 FR 40600, July 29, 1997]

§ 514.11 Confidentiality of data and information in a new animal drug application file.

(a) For purposes of this section the *NADA file* includes all data and information submitted with or incorporated by reference in the NADA, INAD's incorporated into the NADA, supplemental NADA's, reports under §§ 510.300 and 510.301 of this chapter, master files, and other related submissions. The availability for public disclosure of any record in the NADA file shall be handled in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(b) The existence of an NADA file will not be disclosed by the Food and Drug Administration before an approval has been published in the FEDERAL REGISTER, unless it has previously been publicly disclosed or acknowledged.

(c) If the existence of an NADA file has not been publicly disclosed or acknowledged, no data or information in the NADA file is available for public disclosure.

(d) If the existence of an NADA file has been publicly disclosed or acknowledged before an approval has been published in the FEDERAL REGISTER, no data or information contained in the file is available for public disclosure before such approval is published, but the Commissioner may, in his discretion, disclose a summary of such selected portions of the safety and effec-

tiveness data as are appropriate for public consideration of a specific pending issue, e.g., at an open session of a Food and Drug Administration advisory committee or pursuant to an exchange of important regulatory information with a foreign government.

(e) After an approval has been published in the FEDERAL REGISTER, the following data and information in the NADA file are immediately available for public disclosure unless extraordinary circumstances are shown:

(1) All safety and effectiveness data and information previously disclosed to the public, as defined in § 20.81 of this chapter.

(2) A summary or summaries of the safety and effectiveness data and information submitted with or incorporated by reference in the NADA file. Such summaries do not constitute the full reports of investigations under section 512(b)(1) of the act (21 U.S.C. 360b(b)(1)) on which the safety or effectiveness of the drug may be approved. Such summaries shall consist of the following:

(i) For an NADA approved prior to July 1, 1975, internal agency records that describe such data and information, e.g., a summary of basis for approval or internal reviews of the data and information, after deletion of:

(a) Names and any information that would identify the investigators.

(b) Any inappropriate gratuitous comments unnecessary to an objective analysis of the data and information.

(ii) For an NADA approved on or after July 1, 1975, a summary of such data and information prepared in one of the following two alternative ways shall be publicly released when the approval is published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(a) The Center for Veterinary Medicine may at an appropriate time prior to approval of the NADA require the applicant to prepare a summary of such data and information, which will be reviewed and, where appropriate, revised by the Center.

(b) The Center for Veterinary Medicine may prepare its own summary of such data and information.

(3) A protocol for a test or study, unless it is shown to fall within the exemption established for trade secrets